
Complete hydraulic failure, McDonnell-Douglas DC-9-82, september 2, 1993

Micro-summary: This McDonnell-Douglas DC-9-82 experienced a total hydraulic failure while taxiing to the gate, which led it to coast to a stop in the rough.


Event Date: 1993-09-02 at 1203 CDT

Investigative Body: National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), USA

Investigative Body's Web Site: <http://www.nts.gov/>

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		NTSB ID: CHI93IA352		Aircraft Registration Number: N918TW	
		Occurrence Date: 09/02/1993		Most Critical Injury: None	
		Occurrence Type: Incident		Investigated By: NTSB	
Location/Time					
Nearest City/Place ST. LOUIS	State MO	Zip Code 63145	Local Time 1203	Time Zone CDT	
Airport Proximity: On Airport		Distance From Landing Facility:		Direction From Airport:	
Aircraft Information Summary					
Aircraft Manufacturer MCDONNELL DOUGLAS		Model/Series DC-9-82		Type of Aircraft Airplane	
Sightseeing Flight: No			Air Medical Transport Flight: No		
Narrative					
<p>Brief narrative statement of facts, conditions and circumstances pertinent to the accident/incident:</p> <p>On September 2, 1993, at 1203 central daylight time, a McDonnell-Douglas DC-9-82, N918TW, operated by Trans World Airlines, Incorporated, as Flight 359, experienced a total hydraulic failure while taxiing to the parking gate after landing. The 14 CFR Part 121 flight had been operating on an IFR flight plan. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time of the incident. The pilot, three flight attendants, and 103 passengers were not injured. The flight originated from New York, New York, at 1026 eastern daylight time.</p> <p>The captain on Flight 359 stated: "At approximately 700 AFE I completed the landing check list and noted that there were no warning lights illuminated on the annunciator panel. Touchdown and initial roll-out were normal and F/O Harski initiated proper reverse and braking techniques slowing the aircraft to approximately 65 knots." The captain said he took control of the aircraft at this time and continued braking the aircraft.</p> <p>When the airplane was slowed to four to five knots, the captain said he attempted to turn the airplane's nose wheel to exit the runway. "...I attempted to turn the nose wheel steering wheel to exit the runway but found that it was extremely difficult to turn." He stated he was able to turn the aircraft to a 45 degree angle to the runway heading. The captain said he "...found out that not only could I not turn the aircraft any further to the left but also I could not straighten out the nosewheel." The pilot stated he applied brakes and found them not available. He said, "I applied full left rudder in hope this would further turn the airplane so that I could position the airplane..." on the taxiway.</p> <p>The airplane turned back onto the taxiway and the pilot attempted to use reverse thrust to stop it. Reverse thrust did not stop the airplane and it rolled off the edge, coming to a stop in the grass area adjacent to the taxiway.</p> <p>According to the captain, he and the first officer confirmed "...that the hydraulic gauges indicated that both left and right reservoirs had sufficient fluid in them to provide hydraulic pressure. We also confirmed that all four hydraulic pumps were on."</p> <p>The on-scene investigation revealed the power transfer unit (PTU) made the hydraulic system pressure go to zero when it was opened while operating on the left or right hydraulic system. Closing the PTU returned the hydraulic system to normal. Examination of the PTU housing revealed it was cracked around its entire circumference. Hydraulic fluid had not leaked from the crack in the unit.</p> <p>A November 9, 1992, Allied-Signal Aerospace Company service bulletin that applied to N918TW recommended the PTU's cast aluminum housings be replaced with a wrought iron housing due to previous unit housing cracking history. N918TW's PTU was the cast aluminum type.</p>					
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National Transportation Safety Board

FACTUAL REPORT

AVIATION

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Narrative (Continued)


A McDonnell-Douglas service bulletin addressed procedures to handle low hydraulic pressure with the system annunciator lights illuminated. According to the flight crew, the system annunciator lights were not illuminated. The company's maintenance personnel performed an operational check of the annunciator panel. The check showed the system annunciator lights were functional.

The NTSB's Materials Laboratory Division examined the PTU housing. The report states: "Visual examination of the housing fracture surface indicated that the fracture was brittle and had no evidence of plastic deformation." The housing's fatigue fracture covered approximately 270 degrees of the circumference. The remaining portion of the fracture was typical of overstress separation. Examination revealed that in some areas the fatigue features stemmed from large shrinkage cavities.

The metallurgists report states: "However, the vast majority of the fatigue crack origins were associated with large inclusions, which were identified as silicon inclusions... ."

The Allied Signal and McDonnell-Douglas service bulletins are appended to this report. The NTSB's Materials Laboratory Division metallurgist's report is appended to this report.

 National Transportation Safety Board FACTUAL REPORT AVIATION		NTSB ID: CHI93IA352			
		Occurrence Date: 09/02/1993			
		Occurrence Type: Incident			
Landing Facility/Approach Information					
Airport Name	Airport ID:	Airport Elevation	Runway Used	Runway Length	Runway Width
LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INT'L	STL	605 Ft. MSL	30R	11019	200
Runway Surface Type: Concrete					
Runway Surface Condition: Dry					
Type Instrument Approach:					
VFR Approach/Landing: Full Stop					
Aircraft Information					
Aircraft Manufacturer		Model/Series		Serial Number	
MCDONNELL DOUGLAS		DC-9-82		49367	
Airworthiness Certificate(s): Transport					
Landing Gear Type: Retractable - Tricycle					
Homebuilt Aircraft? No	Number of Seats: 132	Certified Max Gross Wt.	140000 LBS	Number of Engines: 2	
Engine Type:	Engine Manufacturer:	Model/Series:	Rated Power:		
Turbo Jet	GE	JT8D-209	18500 LBS		
- Aircraft Inspection Information					
Type of Last Inspection	Date of Last Inspection	Time Since Last Inspection	Airframe Total Time		
AAIP		Hours	Hours		
- Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) Information					
ELT Installed? No	ELT Operated?	ELT Aided in Locating Accident Site?			
Owner/Operator Information					
Registered Aircraft Owner		Street Address			
		100 S. BEDFORD ROAD			
TWA, INC.		City	State	Zip Code	
		MT. KISCO	NY	10549	
Operator of Aircraft		Street Address			
		100 S. BEDFORD ROAD			
TWA, INC.		City	State	Zip Code	
		MT. KISCO	NY	10549	
Operator Does Business As:			Operator Designator Code: TWAA		
- Type of U.S. Certificate(s) Held:					
Air Carrier Operating Certificate(s): Flag Carrier/Domestic					
Operating Certificate:			Operator Certificate:		
Regulation Flight Conducted Under: Part 121: Air Carrier					
Type of Flight Operation Conducted: Scheduled; Domestic; Passenger/Cargo					

 <p>National Transportation Safety Board FACTUAL REPORT AVIATION</p>	NTSB ID: CHI93IA352
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First Pilot Information

Name On File	City On File	State On File	Date of Birth	Age
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Sex: M	Seat Occupied: Left	Principal Profession: Civilian Pilot	Certificate Number: On File
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Certificate(s): Airline Transport

Airplane Rating(s): Multi-engine Land

Rotorcraft/Glider/LTA:

Instrument Rating(s): Airplane

Instructor Rating(s): None

Type Rating/Endorsement for Accident/Incident Aircraft? Yes	Current Biennial Flight Review?
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Medical Cert.: Class 1	Medical Cert. Status: Unknown	Date of Last Medical Exam: 03/1993
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- Flight Time Matrix	All A/C	This Make and Model	Airplane Single Engine	Airplane Multi-Engine	Night	Instrument		Rotorcraft	Glider	Lighter Than Air
						Actual	Simulated			
Total Time	11992	3878								
Pilot In Command(PIC)										
Instructor										
Last 90 Days	137									
Last 30 Days	37									
Last 24 Hours	5									

Seatbelt Used?	Shoulder Harness Used?	Toxicology Performed? No	Second Pilot? Yes
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Flight Plan/Itinerary

Type of Flight Plan Filed: IFR

Departure Point NEW YORK	State NY	Airport Identifier LGA	Departure Time 1029	Time Zone EDT
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Destination Same as Accident/Incident Location	State	Airport Identifier STL	
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Type of Clearance: IFR

Type of Airspace: Class B; Class D; Class E

Weather Information

Source of Briefing:
Commercial Weather Service; Flight Service Station

Method of Briefing:

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Weather Information

WOF ID	Observation Time	Time Zone	WOF Elevation	WOF Distance From Accident Site	Direction From Accident Site
STL	1251	CDT	605 Ft. MSL	0 NM	0 Deg. Mag.

Sky/Lowest Cloud Condition: Scattered 3300 Ft. AGL Condition of Light: Not Reported

Lowest Ceiling: Broken 4000 Ft. AGL Visibility: 8 SM Altimeter: 29.00 "Hg

Temperature: 29 °C Dew Point: 22 °C Wind Direction: 210 Density Altitude: Ft.

Wind Speed: 6 Gusts: Weather Conditions at Accident Site: Visual Conditions

Visibility (RVR): 0 Ft. Visibility (RVV) 0 SM Intensity of Precipitation: Unknown

Restrictions to Visibility:

Type of Precipitation:

Accident Information

Aircraft Damage: None Aircraft Fire: None Aircraft Explosion: None

Classification: U.S. Registered/U.S. Soil

- Injury Summary Matrix	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	TOTAL
First Pilot				1	1
Second Pilot				1	1
Student Pilot					
Flight Instructor					
Check Pilot					
Flight Engineer					
Cabin Attendants				3	3
Other Crew					
Passengers				103	103
- TOTAL ABOARD -				108	108
Other Ground	0	0	0		0
- GRAND TOTAL -	0	0	0	108	108

National Transportation Safety Board

FACTUAL REPORT

AVIATION



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Occurrence Date: 09/02/1993

Occurrence Type: Incident

Administrative Information

Investigator-In-Charge (IIC)

FRANK S. GATTOLIN

Additional Persons Participating in This Accident/Incident Investigation:

ROBERT E MULVANEY

FAA - FSDO

KANSAS CITY, MO 64153